- SEC. 5. A person to be eligible to the office of Governor must have attained the age of thirty years, and must have Qualifications been for ten years a citizen of the State of Maryland, and for five years next preceding his election a resident of the State, and, at the time of his election, a qualified voter therein.
- SEC. 6. In the case of death or resignation of the Governor, or of his removal from the State, or other disqualific Election by cation, the General Assembly, if in session, or if not, at their next session, shall elect some other qualified person to be Governor for the residue of the term for which the said Governor had been elected.
- Sec. 7. In case of any vacancy in the office of Governor, during the recess of the Legislature, the President of the succession. Senate shall discharge the duties of said office, until a Governor is elected, as herein provided for; and in case of the death or resignation of the said President, or of his removal from the State, or of his refusal to serve, then the duties of said office shall, in like manner, and for the same interval, devolve upon the Speaker of the House of Delegates. the Legislature may provide by Law, for the impeachment impeachment. of the Governor; and in case of his conviction, or his inability, may declare what person shall perform the Executive duties; and for any vacancy in said office not herein provided for, provision may be made by Law; and if such vacancy should occur without such provision being made. the Legislature shall be convened by the Secretary of State for the purpose of filling said vacancy.
- SEC. 8. The Governor shall be the Commander-in-Chief of the land and naval forces of the State; and may call out the Governor to Militia to repel invasions, suppress insurrections, and enforce the execution of the Laws; but shall not take the command in person, without the consent of the Legislature.

Schotle v. State, 90 Md., 733.

- SEC. 9. He shall take care that the Laws are faithfully Duties. executed.
- SEC. 10. He shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint all civil and military Appoint officers of the State, whose appointment or election is not otherwise herein provided for; unless a different mode of appointment be prescribed by the Law creating the office.

Davis v. State, 7 Md., 151. Cantwell v. Owens, 14 Md., 215. Scholle v. State, 90 Md., 743.